1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 58th Legislature (2021)
3	SENATE BILL 310 By: Murdock
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6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to youthful offenders; amending 10A
8	O.S. 2011, Sections 2-5-205 and 2-5-206, as amended by Sections 5 and 6, Chapter 155, O.S.L. 2018 (10A
9	O.S. Supp. 2020, Sections 2-5-205 and 2-5-206), which relate to certification as youthful offender and acts
10	mandating youthful offender status; prohibiting youthful offender status for person charged with
11	certain crimes; requiring court to consider certain victim statements; conforming language; and providing
12	an effective date.
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14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
15	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-5-205, as
16	amended by Section 5, Chapter 155, O.S.L. 2018 (10A O.S. Supp. 2020,
17	Section 2-5-205), is amended to read as follows:
18	Section 2-5-205. A. Any person thirteen (13) or fourteen (14)
19	years of age who is charged with murder in the first degree shall be
20	held accountable for the act as if the person were an adult;
21	provided, the person may be certified as a youthful offender or a
22	juvenile as provided by this section, unless the person is subject
23	to the provisions of subsection H of Section 2-5-204 of this title.
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1 Any person fifteen (15), sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) Β. 2 years of age who is charged with murder in the first degree or rape 3 in the first degree or attempt thereof at that time shall be held 4 accountable for his or her act as if the person was an adult and 5 shall not be subject to the provisions of the Youthful Offender Act 6 or the provisions of the Juvenile Code for certification as a 7 juvenile. The person shall have all the statutory rights and 8 protections of an adult accused of a crime. All proceedings shall 9 be as for a criminal action and the provisions of Title 22 of the 10 Oklahoma Statutes shall apply. A person having been convicted as an 11 adult pursuant to this paragraph shall be tried as an adult for 12 every subsequent offense.

13 Upon the filing of an adult criminal information against С. 1. 14 such accused person, a warrant shall be issued which shall set forth 15 the rights of the accused person, and the rights of the parents, 16 guardian or next friend of the accused person to be present at the 17 preliminary hearing, to have an attorney present and to make 18 application for certification of such accused person as a youthful 19 offender to the district court for the purpose of prosecution as a 20 youthful offender.

21 2. The warrant shall be personally served together with a 22 certified copy of the information on the accused person and on a 23 custodial parent, guardian or next friend of the accused person. 24 The court may inquire of the accused as to the whereabouts of his or

<sup>1</sup> her parents, guardian, or next friend in order to avoid unnecessary <sup>2</sup> delay in the proceedings.

3 3. When personal service of a custodial parent, quardian or 4 next friend of the accused person cannot be effected, service may be 5 made by certified mail to such person's last-known address, 6 requesting a return receipt from the addressee only. If delivery is 7 refused, notice may be given by mailing the warrant and a copy of 8 the information on the accused person by regular first-class mail to 9 the address where the person to be notified refused delivery of the 10 notice sent by certified mail. Where the address of a custodial 11 parent, guardian or next friend is not known, or if the mailed 12 warrant and copy of the information on the accused person is 13 returned for any reason other than refusal of the addressee to 14 accept delivery, after a thorough search of all reasonably available 15 sources to ascertain the whereabouts of a custodial parent, guardian 16 or next friend has been conducted, the court may order that notice 17 of the hearing be given by publication one time in a newspaper of 18 general circulation in the county. In addition, the court may order 19 other means of service of notice that the court deems advisable or 20 in the interests of justice.

4. Before service by publication is ordered, the court shall conduct an inquiry to determine whether a thorough search has been made of all reasonably available sources to ascertain the whereabouts of any party for whom notice by publication is sought.

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1 The accused person shall file any motions for D. 1. 2 certification as a youthful offender or a juvenile before the start 3 of the criminal preliminary hearing. If both a motion for 4 certification as a youthful offender and a motion for certification 5 as a juvenile are filed, they shall both be heard at the same time. 6 No motion for certification as a youthful offender or certification 7 as a juvenile may be filed after the time specified in this 8 subsection. Upon the filing of such motion, the complete juvenile 9 record of the accused shall be made available to the district 10 attorney and the accused person. All reports, evaluations, motions, 11 records, exhibits or documents regarding the educational history, 12 mental health or medical treatment or condition of the offender that 13 are submitted to the court or admitted into evidence during the 14 hearing on the motion for certification as a youthful offender to 15 the juvenile system or motion for imposition of an adult sentence 16 are confidential and shall be filed or admitted under seal, except 17 that such records shall be provided to the Office of Juvenile 18 Affairs. Any testimony regarding the reports, evaluations, motions, 19 records, exhibits or documents shall be given in camera and shall 20 not be open to the general public; provided, all persons having a 21 direct interest in the case as provided in paragraph 1 of subsection 22 A of Section 2-2-402 of this title shall be allowed to be present 23 during the testimony but shall be admonished not to discuss the 24 testimony following the hearing. All reports, evaluations, motions, \_ \_

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records, exhibits or documents shall be released from under seal by order of the court if the youthful offender is sentenced to the custody or supervision of the Department of Corrections by the court pursuant to either paragraph 1 of subsection B of Section 2-5-209 or paragraph 5 of subsection B of Section 2-5-210 of this title or if the juvenile or youthful offender is later charged as an adult with a felony crime.

8 2. The court shall commence a preliminary hearing within ninety 9 (90) days of the filing of the information, pursuant to Section 258 10 of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to determine whether the crime 11 was committed and whether there is probable cause to believe the 12 accused person committed a crime. If the preliminary hearing is not 13 commenced within ninety (90) days of the date the accused person is 14 charged, the district court shall hold a hearing to determine the 15 reasons for delay utilizing the procedure set out in Section 812.2 16 of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to ensure the preliminary 17 hearing is expedited. If the whereabouts of the accused are unknown 18 at the time of the filing of the information or if the accused is a 19 fugitive, the State of Oklahoma shall make reasonable efforts to 20 locate the accused in order to commence the proceedings. An accused 21 who flees the jurisdiction of the court or purposely avoids 22 apprehension for the charges, waives the right to have the 23 preliminary hearing commenced within ninety (90) days of the filing 24 of the information. An accused who fails to cooperate with \_ \_

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1 providing information in locating the parents of the accused, 2 quardian, or next friend for purpose of notice waives the right to 3 have the preliminary hearing commence within ninety (90) days of the 4 filing of the information. If the preliminary hearing did not 5 commence within ninety (90) days from the filing of the information 6 due to the absence or inability to locate the accused, the 7 preliminary hearing shall commence within ninety (90) days after the 8 state has actual notice of the in-state location of the accused. Τf 9 the accused is found out of state, the court shall set the hearing 10 within ninety (90) days after the accused has been returned to the 11 State of Oklahoma.

12 3. At the conclusion of the state's case at the criminal 13 preliminary hearing, the state and the accused person may offer 14 evidence to support or oppose the motions for certification as a 15 youthful offender or an alleged juvenile delinquent.

E. The court shall rule on any motions for certification as a youthful offender or an alleged juvenile delinquent before ruling on whether to bind the accused over for trial. When ruling on a motion for certification as a youthful offender or juvenile, the court shall give consideration to the following guidelines with greatest weight to be given to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3:

22 1. Whether the alleged offense was committed in an aggressive,
 23 violent, premeditated or willful manner;

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1 2. Whether the offense was against persons, and, if personal 2 injury resulted, the degree of personal injury, and the statements 3 of the victim or victims;

3. The record and past history of the accused person, including
previous contacts with law enforcement agencies and juvenile or
criminal courts, prior periods of probation and commitments to
juvenile institutions;

8 4. The sophistication and maturity of the accused person and
 9 the capability of distinguishing right from wrong as determined by
 10 consideration of the person's psychological evaluation, home,
 11 environmental situation, emotional attitude and pattern of living;

12 5. The prospects for adequate protection of the public if the 13 accused person is processed through the youthful offender system or 14 the juvenile system;

15 6. The reasonable likelihood of rehabilitation of the accused 16 person if such person is found to have committed the alleged 17 offense, by the use of procedures and facilities currently available 18 to the juvenile court; and

<sup>19</sup> 7. Whether the offense occurred while the accused person was <sup>20</sup> escaping or on escape status from an institution for youthful <sup>21</sup> offenders or delinquent children.

The court, in its decision on a motion for certification as a youthful offender or juvenile, shall detail findings of fact and conclusions of law to each of the above considerations, and shall

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1 state that the court has considered each of the guidelines in 2 reaching its decision.

F. The order certifying a person as a youthful offender or an alleged juvenile delinquent or denying the request for certification as either a youthful offender or an alleged juvenile delinquent shall be a final order, appealable to the Court of Criminal Appeals when entered.

<sup>8</sup> G. An order certifying the accused person as a youthful
 <sup>9</sup> offender or an alleged juvenile delinquent shall not be reviewable
 <sup>10</sup> by the trial court.

11 If the accused person is prosecuted as an adult and is Η. 12 subsequently convicted of the alleged offense or against whom the 13 imposition of judgment and sentencing has been deferred, the person 14 may be incarcerated with the adult population and shall be 15 prosecuted as an adult in all subsequent criminal proceedings. 16 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-5-206, as SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 17 amended by Section 6, Chapter 155, O.S.L. 2018 (10A O.S. Supp. 2020, 18 Section 2-5-206), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-5-206. A. Any person fifteen (15), sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) years of age who is charged with:

- 1. Murder in the second degree;
- 22 2. Kidnapping;
- 23 3. Manslaughter in the first degree;
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1	4. Robbery with a dangerous weapon or a firearm or attempt
2	thereof;
3	5. Robbery in the first degree or attempt thereof;
4	6. Rape in the first degree or attempt thereof;
5	7. Rape by instrumentation or attempt thereof;
6	8. <u>7.</u> Forcible sodomy;
7	9. <u>8.</u> Lewd molestation;
8	$\frac{10.9}{2}$ Arson in the first degree or attempt thereof; or
9	$\frac{11.}{10.}$ Any offense in violation of Section 652 of Title 21 of
10	the Oklahoma Statutes,
11	shall be held accountable for such acts as a youthful offender.
12	B. Any person sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) years of age who
13	is charged with:
14	1. Burglary in the first degree or attempted burglary in the
15	first degree;
16	2. Battery or assault and battery on a state employee or
17	contractor while in the custody or supervision of the Office of
18	Juvenile Affairs;
19	3. Aggravated assault and battery of a police officer;
20	4. Intimidating a witness;
21	5. Trafficking in or manufacturing illegal drugs;
22	6. Assault or assault and battery with a deadly weapon;
23	7. Maiming;
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8. Residential burglary in the second degree after two or more adjudications that are separated in time for delinquency for committing burglary in the first degree or residential burglary in the second degree;

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9. Rape in the second degree; or

<sup>6</sup> 10. Use of a firearm while in commission of a felony,
<sup>7</sup> shall be held accountable for such acts as a youthful offender.

8 C. The district attorney may file a petition alleging the 9 person to be a delinquent or may file an information against the 10 accused person charging the person as a youthful offender. The 11 district attorney shall notify the Office of Juvenile Affairs upon 12 the filing of youthful offender charges.

D. 1. Upon the filing of the information against such alleged youthful offender, a warrant shall be issued which shall set forth the rights of the accused person, and the rights of the parents, guardian or next friend of the accused person to be present at the preliminary hearing, and to have an attorney present.

18 2. The warrant shall be personally served together with a 19 certified copy of the information on the alleged youthful offender 20 and on a custodial parent, guardian or next friend of the accused 21 person.

3. When personal service of a custodial parent, guardian or next friend of the alleged youthful offender cannot be effected, service may be made by certified mail to the last-known address of

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1 the person $_{\overline{L}}$  requesting a return receipt from the addressee only. If 2 delivery is refused, notice may be given by mailing the warrant and 3 a copy of the information on the accused person by regular first-4 class mail to the address where the person to be notified refused 5 delivery of the notice sent by certified mail. Where the address of 6 a custodial parent, guardian or next friend is not known, or if the 7 mailed warrant and copy of the information on the accused person is 8 returned for any reason other than refusal of the addressee to 9 accept delivery, after a distinct and meaningful search of all 10 reasonably available sources to ascertain the whereabouts of a 11 custodial parent, guardian or next friend has been conducted, the 12 court may order that notice of the hearing be given by publication 13 one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. In 14 addition, the court may order other means of service of notice that 15 the court deems advisable or in the interests of justice.

<sup>16</sup> 4. Before service by publication is ordered, the court shall <sup>17</sup> conduct an inquiry to determine whether a thorough search has been <sup>18</sup> made of all reasonably available sources to ascertain the <sup>19</sup> whereabouts of any party for whom notice by publication is sought.

E. The court shall commence a preliminary hearing within ninety (90) days of the filing of the information pursuant to Section 258 of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes $\tau$  to determine whether the crime was committed and whether there is probable cause to believe the accused person committed the crime. If the preliminary hearing is

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1 not commenced within ninety (90) days, the state shall be prohibited 2 from seeking an adult sentence unless the ninety-day requirement is 3 waived by the defendant. If the whereabouts of the accused are 4 unknown at the time of the filing of the information or if the 5 accused is a fugitive, the State of Oklahoma shall make reasonable 6 efforts to locate the accused in order to commence the proceedings. 7 An accused who flees the jurisdiction of the court or purposely 8 avoids apprehension for the charges  $\tau$  waives the right to have the 9 preliminary hearing commenced within ninety (90) days of the filing 10 of the information. If the preliminary hearing did not commence 11 within ninety (90) days from the filing of the information due to 12 the absence or inability to locate the accused, the preliminary 13 hearing shall commence within ninety (90) days after the state has 14 actual notice of the in-state location of the accused. If the 15 accused is found out of state, the court shall set the hearing 16 within ninety (90) days after the accused has been returned to the 17 State of Oklahoma. An accused who fails to cooperate with providing 18 information in locating the accused parent, guardian, or next friend 19 for purpose of notice waives the right to have the preliminary 20 hearing commence within ninety (90) days of the filing of the 21 information.

F. 1. The accused person may file a motion for certification to the juvenile justice system before the start of the criminal preliminary hearing:

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- a. upon the filing of such motion, the complete juvenile record of the accused shall be made available to the district attorney and the accused person,
- b. at the conclusion of the state's case at the criminal
  preliminary hearing, the accused person may offer
  evidence to support the motion for certification as a
  child.

8 2. If no motion to certify the accused person to the juvenile 9 justice system has been filed, at the conclusion of the criminal 10 preliminary hearing the court may on its own motion hold a hearing 11 on the matter of the certification of the accused youthful offender 12 to the juvenile system.

13 3. All reports, evaluations, motions, records, exhibits or 14 documents regarding the educational history, mental health or 15 medical treatment or condition of the offender that are submitted to 16 the court or admitted into evidence during the hearing on the motion 17 for certification of the accused youthful offender to the juvenile 18 system or motion for imposition of an adult sentence are 19 confidential and shall be filed or admitted under seal, except that 20 such records shall be provided to the Office of Juvenile Affairs. 21 Any testimony regarding the reports, evaluations, motions, records, 22 exhibits or documents shall be given in camera and shall not be open 23 to the general public; provided, all persons having a direct 24 interest in the case as provided in paragraph 1 of subsection A of \_ \_

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1 Section 2-2-402 of this title shall be allowed to be present during 2 the testimony but shall be admonished not to discuss the testimony 3 following the hearing. All reports, evaluations, motions, records, 4 exhibits or documents shall be released from under seal by order of 5 the court if the youthful offender is sentenced to the custody or 6 supervision of the Department of Corrections by the court pursuant 7 to either paragraph 1 of subsection B of Section 2-5-209 or 8 paragraph 5 of subsection B of Section 2-5-210 of this title or if 9 the juvenile or youthful offender is later charged as an adult with 10 a felony crime.

11 4. The court shall rule on the certification motion before 12 ruling on whether to bind the accused over for trial. When ruling 13 on the certification motion, the court shall give consideration to 14 the following guidelines with the greatest weight given to 15 subparagraphs a, b and c:

16 whether the alleged offense was committed in an a. 17 aggressive, violent, premeditated or willful manner, 18 whether the offense was against persons, and if b. 19 personal injury resulted, the degree of personal 20 injury, and the statements of the victim or victims, 21 the record and past history of the accused person $\overline{r}$ с. 22 including previous contacts with law enforcement 23 agencies and juvenile or criminal courts, prior

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periods of probation and commitments to juvenile
institutions,

- d. the sophistication and maturity of the accused person and the accused person's capability of distinguishing right from wrong as determined by consideration of the accused person's psychological evaluation, home, environmental situation, emotional attitude and pattern of living,
- 9 e. the prospects for adequate protection of the public if
   10 the accused person is processed through the youthful
   11 offender system or the juvenile system,
- 12 f. the reasonable likelihood of rehabilitation of the 13 accused person if the accused is found to have 14 committed the alleged offense, by the use of 15 procedures and facilities currently available to the 16 juvenile court, and
- 17 g. whether the offense occurred while the accused person 18 was escaping or in an escape status from an 19 institution for youthful offenders or juvenile 20 delinguents.

5. In its decision on the motion for certification as an alleged juvenile delinquent, the court shall detail findings of fact and conclusions of law to each of the above considerations and shall

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1 state that the court has considered each of the guidelines in 2 reaching its decision.

6. An order certifying a person or denying such certification to the juvenile justice system shall be a final order, appealable when entered.

G. Upon conviction, sentence may be imposed as a sentence for a
 youthful offender as provided by Section 2-5-209 of this title. If
 the youthful offender sentence is imposed as an adult sentence as
 provided by Section 2-5-208 of this title, the convicted person may
 be incarcerated with the adult population.

11 SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2021.
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